

Jnanabhumi Portal - Government of Andhra Pradesh

Introduction

The Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme for SC, ST, OBC, minority, differently abled, EBC and Kapu community in Andhra Pradesh was being delivered through a digital platform, namely e-Pass, until 2017. However, the large and complex eco-system consisting of over 16 lakh students, 2300+courses, 8000+ colleges and 30+ affiliating authorities resulted in remarkably high turn-around time at every stage. Problems related to redundancy, duplicity, convoluted processing and insulation amongst departments and stakeholders ultimately led to wide dissatisfaction among beneficiaries. It became imperative, therefore, to streamline the process, improve external service delivery and internal processing times.

Intervention

Jnanabhumi was introduced in 2017 which sought to address two key issues: (i) introducing parity of opportunity through government-aided education; and (ii) upgrading the necessary state infrastructure to facilitate the aid in a uniform, integrated and transparent manner.

The platform ultimately aims to become the unified repository for propagating education through intersection of necessary parties and processes so as to ensure a seamless and accountable environment for both the marginalized and non-marginalized strata of the society.

Jnanabhumi is a holistic and distilled platform meant for delivering services related to education and scholarships. Principally, the conceptual objectives of the platform could be (i) actualizing equal educational opportunities for all; (ii) providing single desk for scholarships for all communities; and (iii) facilitating a central system of education and welfare ecosystem covering the entire student lifecycle.

The locus of control under Jnanabhumi was re-organized by integrating scholarship with admissions, augmented by government directives and e-Enablement, resulting in dispensing away physical presence requirements and creation of master data seeding by concerned affiliating authorities. The database integration across services lead to seamless information exchange without discretionary errors. Utilizing Aadhaar ensured integrity, which was further supported by digital signature-enabled transactions. This process re-engineering was reinforced with a dedicated 24x7 helpdesk, establishment of state and district level PMUs, Kaizala Application for monitoring, communication and updates as well as Dashboard for providing relevant and up-to-date statistics.

In terms of operational principles, the platform seeks to realize timely releases and disbursements with minimal touchpoints while maintaining enhanced levels of accountability and transparency. The idea behind process re-engineering, therefore, was to introduce transformation through digital means, resulting in a secure, convenient and paperless experience.



Impact

Jnanabhumi's paperless and digital approach has been tremendously successful in ensuring process simplification and in easing the burden of students. Through structural changes and elimination of intermediaries, the portal has significantly reduced the tedious aspects of community participation and the resultant institutional pressures that had plagued implementation of the scheme earlier. The subsequent impact can be broadly categorized as:

(i) impact on the individual; and (ii) impact on the institution. Before assessing the impact, however, it becomes imperative to understand the scenario that prevailed before the implementation of Jnanabhumi.

Step 1: Registration on ePass Step 2: Verification by Step 3: Verification by **District Officer** College **Step 6: Electronic Sanction** Step 5: : Verification of Hard Step 4: Dispatch by College – **Copies by District Officer Electronic and Physical** Hardcopy submission of student and college information • Data corrections and delay in sharing of course fee structures Hard copies, transit and verification delays Step 8: Treasury Verification Step 7: Physical Signatures of **DD on Bill Forms** and Releases Incorrect bank account details create delays

Figure 1: Situation Before the Deployment of Jnanabhumi

Source: KPMG Analysis

As the illustration highlights, the process was largely plagued by overwhelming duplicity and redundancy at various stages of implementation.

For students, this meant re-registering every year despite the original data being available with the authorities and subsequent re-entry to the college, making the process unnecessarily cumbersome due to completely avoidable duplicity. The addition of biometric authorization was sub-optimally utilized as applications were manually verified by district welfare officers, an arduous task given that student applications numbered at over 17 lakhs. This pendulous activity between the college, the welfare department and the students led to inordinate delays and the process was highly susceptible to errors and manipulation. Owing to manual entries, the bank account information would often be incorrect, leading to the funds being stuck with the treasury department as they manually verified and signed bills.



For authorities, the task of manual verification and signing of applications resulted in unnecessary loss of resources and productivity. Additionally, the parallel verification activity of college registration and affiliation, along with course affiliation, resulted in district welfare officer working greatly out of the locus of control and authority, resulting in further delays. The lack of directive, apart from affecting uniformity, hampered course fee mapping as well; since the affiliating authorities responsibility stood outside the sphere of influence, they often operated in non-conformist ways.

Beyond procedural irritants, these operational hurdles negatively affected the core idea of the initiative. Delay of both maintenance (monthly) and tuition (quarterly) fees resulted in students being forced to incur loans to cover basic expenses as the gaps in financing made colleges enforce measures to recover tuition directly from students. And as both these stakeholders grappled with difficulties, the state and district offices, as ombudsman, were burdened with multiplicity of disputes and issues involving the students and the colleges. Lastly, the education department, despite being an essential stakeholder, was not part of the process and planning out of strategy for increase in cohesion. This presented further challenges, compounded by absence of data analytics and impact assessment.

Figure 2: Complete Digital Overhaul of Processes Following the Deployment of Jnanabhumi

Maker Checker Approver

- •Enabled the Maker -Checker and Approver flow for all Master Data creation at University level and approval of College Information
- Approver enabled with eSign to authorize the information
- Course mapping and Course Fee details entry through single platform
- Zero redundancy, zero duplicity and authentic information entry - Fail safe and high fidelity system

Seamless Information Exchange

- •SMS based alerts to all College Principals, Registrars, Students and Last Mile Officers
- Kaizala app integration for Last mile Monitoring, Daily Instruction communication to Districts and reporting
- •Integration with MeeKosam 1100 support of AP Govt. for 24/7 Help Desk for grievance redressal
- Outbound information disbursement calls
- •8 Day Turn around time
- Last mile officer mapping and inbuilt sms and calling facility
- Integration of JnanaBhumi with grievance handling database

Biometric Attendance and Academics

- The JnanaBhumi platform integrates Biometric Attendance of Students with payments thus minimizing misrepresentation / misappropriations
- Integration of Universities on to the platform brings in the seamless integration of Academic calendar creating accountability for the attendance submitted
- Student Academics module will allow analysis on measurable outcomes for the huge flow of tax payers money

Source: Government of Andhra Pradesh



Table 1: Scenario for Students Pre and Post Deployment of Jnanabhumi

Student						
Student		Admission		Submission by	Verification by	Push to & Release by
New		New	Renewal	Welfare	Wellare	Treasury
6	6			Year long	Year long	Year long
months	months			C	, and the second	E
Student				College	Welfare officer	Treasury
followed b	Student applies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer		mission.	IT platform		
incorrect applied • For students data re-ed by student	t courses for. existing (renewal), ntered			 Manual verification of documents of 16 lakh students. Signing of hard copies. Error correction difficult at this stage. Delays due to affiliations and course affiliations . 	 Manual process of verification and signing of documents. Corrections difficult at this stage. 	 Manually signed proceedings and verification. Incorrect bank information leads to transaction delay.
incorrect e personal & details.	entry of course			due to having to at	tach and	Manual process delays. Stuck transactions lead to banks enjoying a float rate.
					T. 101	D 1
		mission	Welfare	on by College to	Welfare	Push to & Release by Treasury
60 man-da	nys		Monthly		Monthly	Monthly
College					Welfare Officer	Treasury
The student scholarship application is merged with the admission process of Jnanabhumi.		the ne pushes • Renewa pushed	w admission and to welfare. d admissions via OTP-based	Verify data pushed via e-sign an push data to treasury using e-sig		
	New 6 months Student Student ar followed by welfare officer • Third enters errors duplicity incorrec applied • For students data re-e by student reapplie Delay in transaction incorrect e personal & details. VMENT SCE Student Application 60 man-da College The studen admission	6 months months Student Student applies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer • Third party enters data, errors and duplicity of data, incorrect courses applied for. • For existing students (renewal), data re-entered by student & reapplies. Delay in transaction due to incorrect entry of personal & course details. VMENT SCENARIO FO Student Ad Application 60 man-days College The student scholarshi application is merged admission process of	New Renewal New 6 6 6 months months Student • Student • Student splies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer • Third party enters data, errors and duplicity of data, incorrect courses applied for. • For existing students (renewal), data re-entered by student & reapplies. Delay in transaction due to incorrect entry of personal & course details. **MENT SCENARIO FOR STUINATION FOR STUIN	New Renewal New Renewal 6 6 6 6 months Student Student Student applies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer • Third party enters data, errors and duplicity of data, incorrect courses applied for. • For existing students (renewal), data re-entered by student & reapplies. Delay in transaction due to incorrect entry of personal & course details. **MENT SCENARIO FOR STUDENTS** Student Admission Submission Application For existing student was reapplied. College The student scholarship application is merged with the admission process of Jnanabhumi. • College the ne pushes in Renewal pushed.	New Renewal 6 6 6 months months Student Student applies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer Third party enters data, errors and duplicity of data, incorrect courses applied for. For existing students (renewal), data re-entered by student & reapplies. Delay in transaction due to incorrect entry of personal & course details. Delay in transaction due to incorrect entry of personal & course details. TYMENT SCENARIO FOR STUDENTS Student Admission Application is merged with the admission process of Jnanabhumi. Now such module . Scholarship not tied with admission. Process delays. Manual verification of documents of 16 lakh students. Signing of hard copies. Error correction difficult at this stage. Delay in transit and due to having to at authorize hard cop Welfare College To Wanto For STUDENTS Student Admission Submission by College to Welfare College Principal e-signs the new admission and pushes to welfare. College principal e-signs the new admission and pushes to welfare. College Principal e-signs the new admission and pushes to welfare. College Principal e-signs the new admission and pushes to welfare. College Principal e-signs the new admission and pushes to welfare. Renewal admissions pushed via OTP-based	New Renewal 6 6 6 months months 5tudent module . Student applies; followed by scrutiny by welfare officer off

Source: Government of Andhra Pradesh



Impact	 4 to 10 months shaved off the process of application and admission with minimized errors. Paperless & high-fidelity transactions. 	 No transit delay on hard copies. Zero hard copies. Bank accounts errors
	 Authentic student attendance. Validated communication data of students to reach out to and monitor. 	minimized.

Additional Modules to e-Enable and Aid Educational Institutions in Planning, Design, Execution and Monitoring

Table 2: Scenario for Authorities Pre and Post Deployment of Jnanabhumi

PRE-DEPLOYN	MENT SCENARI	O FOR AUTHOR	ITIES					
	College Affiliation	Course Affiliation	Course Fees	College to Course Mapping	Course Intake			
Activity Turnaround Time	Year long			6 months				
Responsible Party	Welfare officer							
Process to Fetch Data	Physical visits		Mail & phone communication	Jnanabhumi Platform				
Main Gap	External to locus of control, no uniformity in course information & no data repository.							
Impact	Delays in tuition fee and maintenance fee release.		Delays in tuition fee.	Delays in tuition fee and maintenance fee release.	Needed for cross- verification.			
POST-DEPLOY	MENT SCENAR	IO FOR AUTHO	RITIES					
	College Affiliation	Course Affiliation	Course Fees	College to Course Mapping	Course Intake			
Activity Turn Around Time	2 months							
Responsible Party	College & affiliating authority/university							
Process to Fetch Data	College information pushed for affiliating authority approval. E-sign & zero hardcopies. Entire process e-Enabled							
Main Gap	None							
Impact	 Approximatel Affiliating au rescued welfa Zero man day deployment. Authentic info 	re officer by de-couples expended by the we ormation from affiliater available for other	es saved per process. of control over the coll ling him from the proc elfare officer compared ing authorities.	cess chain.	owner of the process – gagement in previous			

Source: Government of Andhra Pradesh